



UNIVERSITÀ
CATTOLICA
del Sacro Cuore

How Efela's 13 Countries coped with the Coronavirus pandemic ITALY

International Webinar – July 2, 2020

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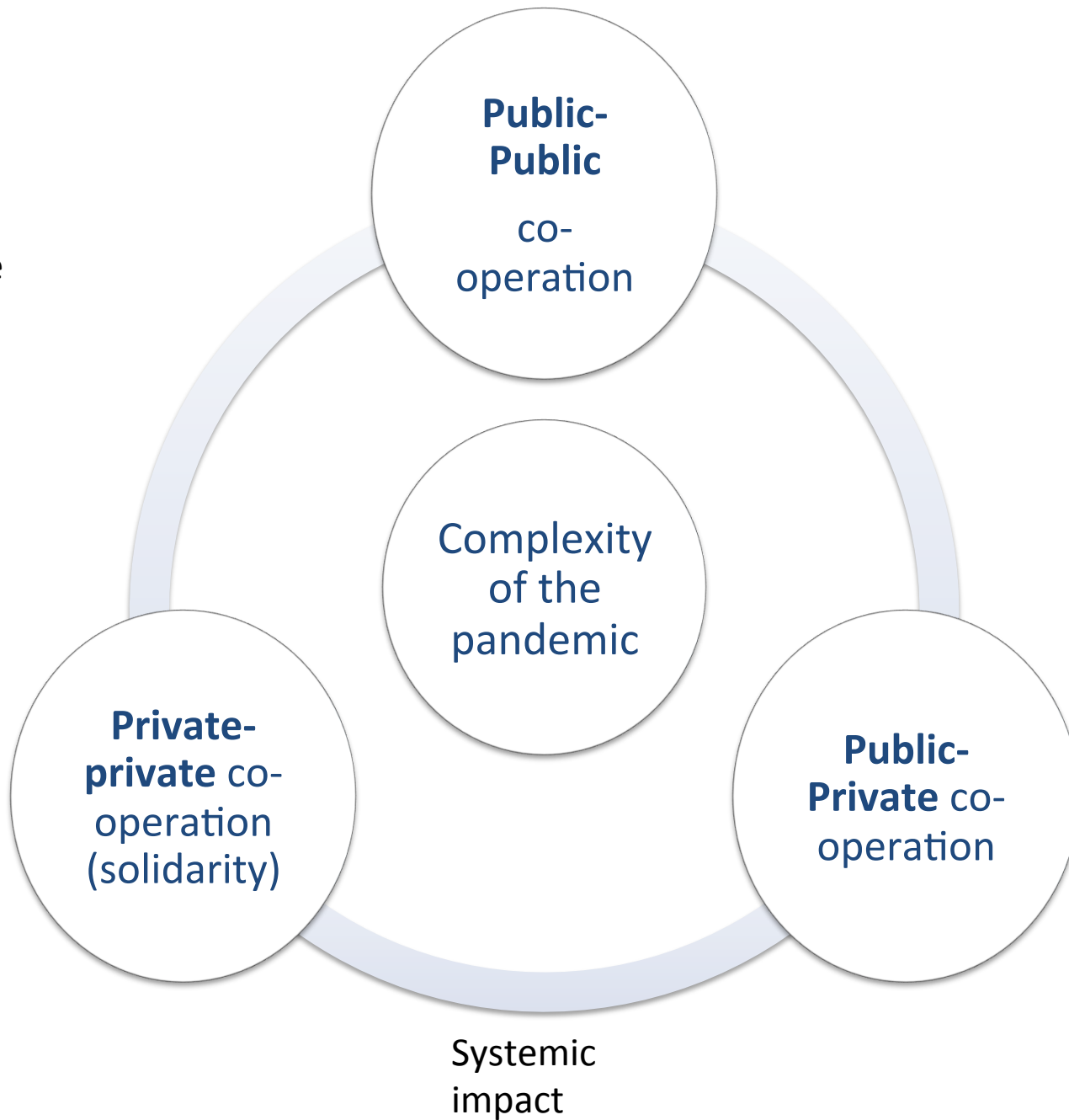


The Constitutional way-out of Pandemic? “**Loyal cooperation among all institutions**” and a “**collective effort**”

M. Cartabia, Chief Justice of the Constitutional Court 28th April, 2020

change

tragic
choices



Constitution
of the Italian
Republic

law-decrees + implementing acts (PM decrees)

ART. 77

[...]

When, in **extraordinary cases of necessity and urgency**, the Government adopts **provisional measures having the force of law**, it must on the same day present said measures for **confirmation** to the Houses, which, even if dissolved, shall be summoned especially for this purpose and shall convene within five days.

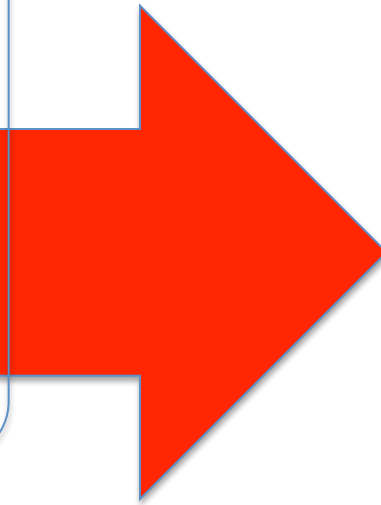
[...]

Healthcare

Civil Defence

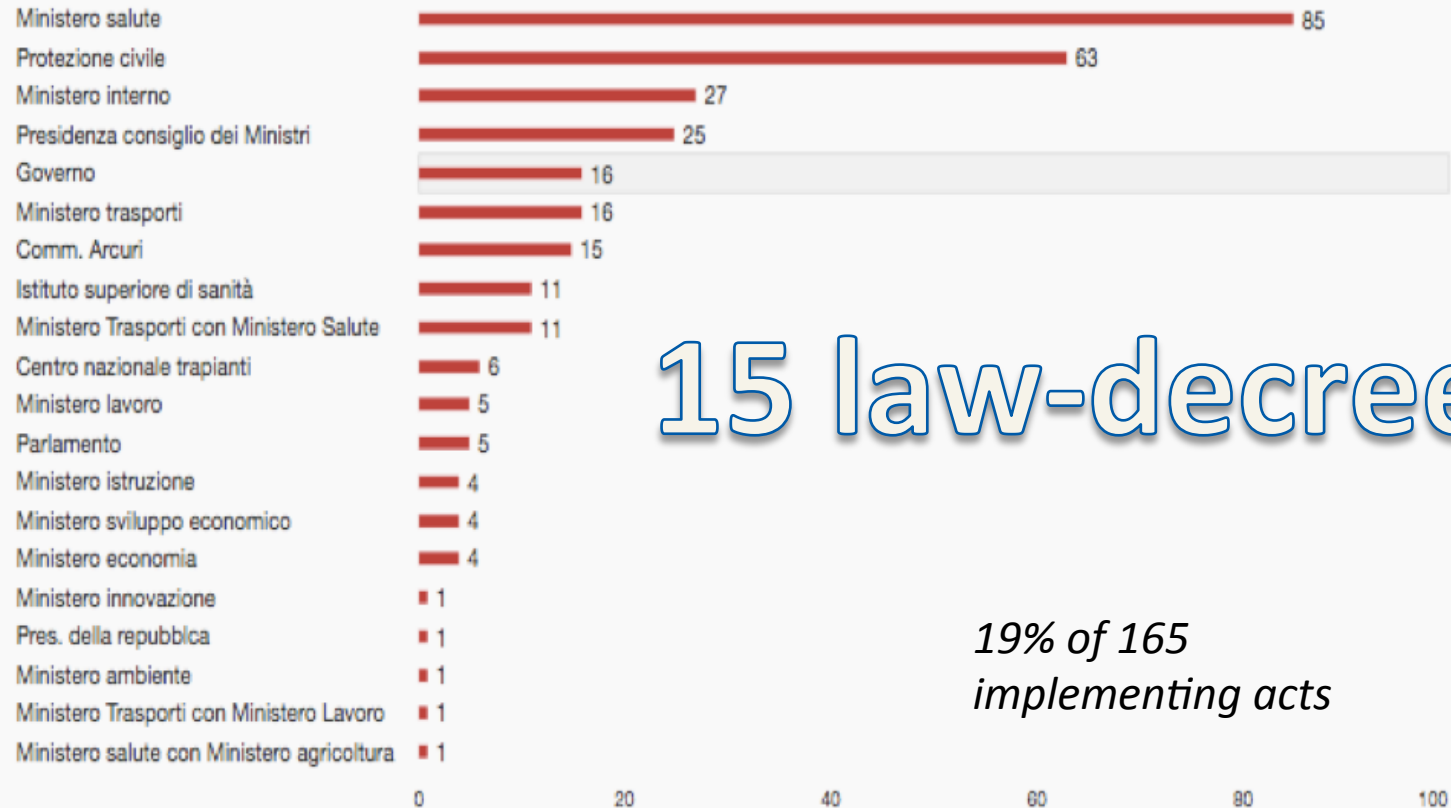
Other

**New Covid-related
legislation**



Tot. 305

■ totale atti



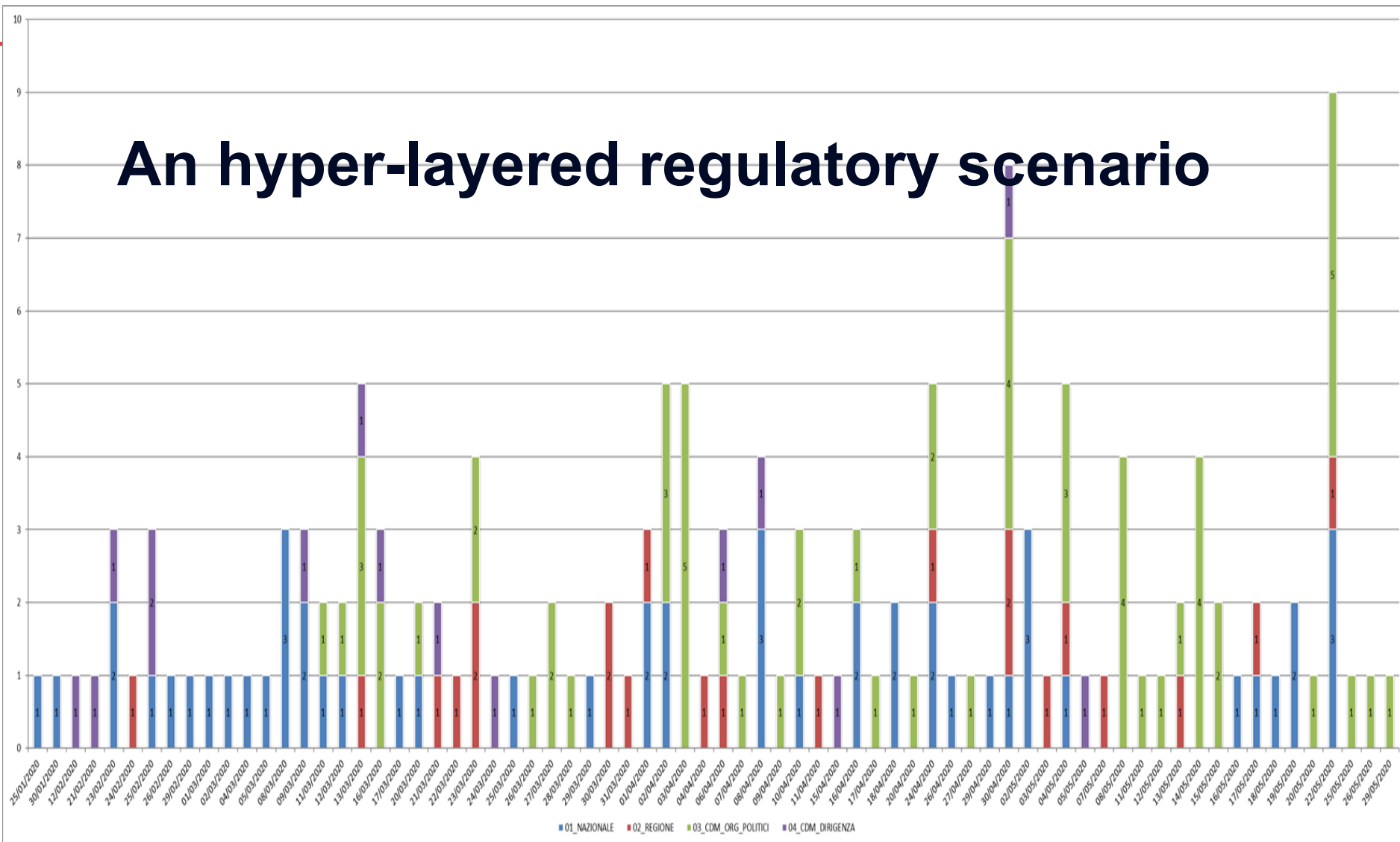
*19% of 165
implementing acts*

FONTE: dati Ministero della salute e Gazzetta ufficiale ed elaborazione openpolis.

(ultimo aggiornamento: giovedì 25 Giugno 2020)

Covid-related legislation: numbers

An hyper-layered regulatory scenario



Source: City of Milan, from 25th January, 2020 to 29th May, 2020

Sunset rules have been extended or replaced

Massive **soft-law apparatus** (guidelines, recommendations, standards of behaviour...)

**High-speed/
fast-track**
legislation but
sluggish
implementation

Evolution of the Anti-Covid measures

**Law-decree 23rd
February, 2020**

start of lockdown +
first anti-Covid
measures

**“Cure Italy”
Decree**

17th March, 2020
urgent measures to
mitigate the
spreading of Covid-19

**“Liquidity
Decree”**

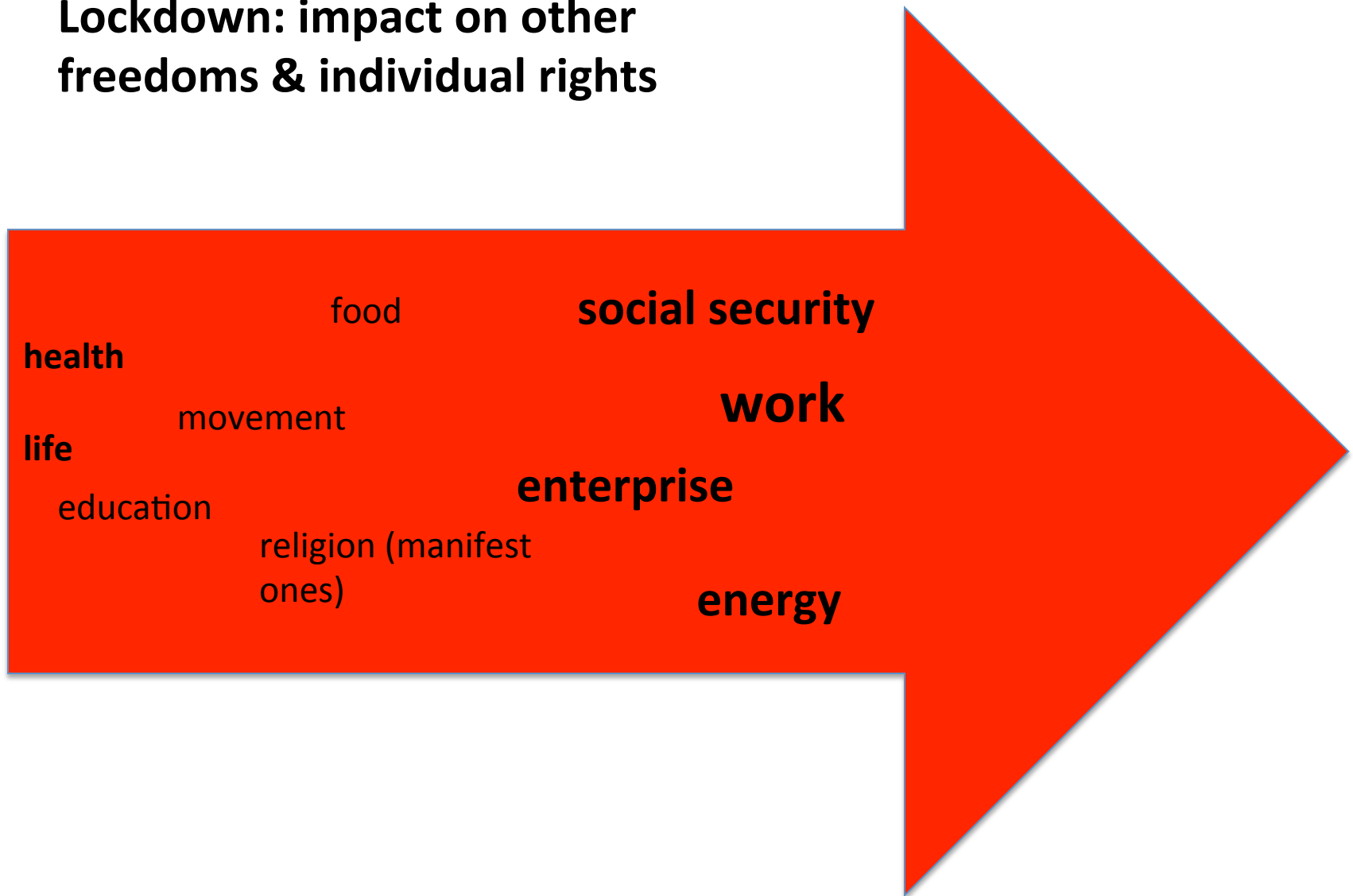
8th April, 2020
measures for
businesses

“Relaunch Decree”

19th May, 2020
measures to
support healthcare,
employment, the
economy and
social policies



Lockdown: impact on other freedoms & individual rights



Anti-Covid measures: impact on the Energy
Market

Keeping the supply chain going

Energy and Gas Industries declared essential services amid lockdown

Critical workers



Vulnerable Consumers: The role of Regulator (ARERA)

- Decrees 76 and 140/2020 extended the **social bonus for families in need** and consumers
- Decrees 60, 117, 124 and 148/2020 banned the cut-off of power supply in case of late payment by certain categories of **small consumers**
- Decrees 116, 149 and 192 helped **energy suppliers** cope with late payments by downstream customers
- Decree 190/20 provided for lower energy rates for **SMEs**

A new mix of measures for supporting the energy market and the entire supply chain is needed

Beyond the extension of the “Golden Power”



Regulation which now applies also to companies operating in all sectors listed under Article 4 of the EU Regulation 2019/452 (**critical infrastructures** and **critical technologies; supply of critical inputs**, including energy or raw materials, as well as food security)

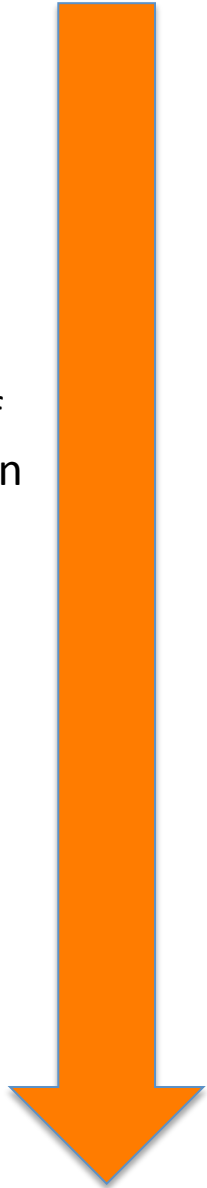
Beyond temporary measures for safeguarding key regulatory and administrative functions



Administrative proceedings: suspension of deadlines

Extension of licences, authorizations, concessions

Peak of
– 75% in
Italy



Lockdown measures have significantly reduced the **demand for electricity** thus affecting the power mix. Increases in **residential demand** were far outweighed by reductions in commercial and industrial operations.

A sharp **change in the energy mix** (renewable up to more 40%)



+40% on
weekdays in
some
European
countries

Energy sector under pressure.

All components are closely interrelated, with consumers playing a key role by making regular payments in this difficult period.

household costs
down 18.3% as a
result of the
economic
slowdown.

Source ARERA

New costs from the sharp
energy mix change
(Renewable Incentives;
electricity grid due to
congestions

"The complexity of the connections of the energy system has never been so clear as it is now" – said Stefano Besseghini, President of ARERA. "The good news of price cuts for consumers reflects the global economic slowdown. It is on the basis of this this weak balance that the institutions, governments and regulatory authorities are called upon to operate during this emergency so as to ensure seamless provision of services and support to citizens, without jeopardising the functioning of the system. By regularly paying their dues in this extraordinary period, citizens themselves are already contributing through a significant act of solidarity".



SEGNALAZIONE
223/2020/I/COM

SEGNALAZIONE DELL'AUTORITÀ DI REGOLAZIONE PER ENERGIA
RETI E AMBIENTE A PARLAMENTO E GOVERNO IN MERITO
ALL'EMENDAMENTO 42.19 PRESENTATO AL DISEGNO DI LEGGE DI
CONVERSIONE IN LEGGE DEL DECRETO-LEGGE 19 MAGGIO 2020, N.
34, RECANTE *"MISURE URGENTI IN MATERIA DI SALUTE, SOSTEGNO
AL LAVORO E ALL'ECONOMIA, NONCHE' DI POLITICHE SOCIALI
CONNESSE ALL'EMERGENZA EPIDEMIOLOGICA DA COVID-19"* (AC.
2500)

Segnalazione a Parlamento e Governo ai sensi dell'articolo 2, comma 6, della legge
14 novembre 1995, n. 481

22 giugno 2020

The Regulator as a
key and impartial
watch-dog

Attempt to reform the
Energy Services
Operator and ENEA
(Italian National Agency
for new Tech, Energy
and Sustainable
development)

Conclusions

POST-COVID TRENDS IMPACTING THE ENERGY MARKET

The post-pandemic reality is **the new normal**, yet to be/under construction

- We need to cope with the **smart-working transition**: impact on habits, transportation, energy consumption: **new integrated energy supply contracts**, products and services / **energy poverty** / **energy efficiency**
- We need to **keep emissions low** (even fiscal measures key; Energy Transition Funds..)
- We need to **channel economic aids into sustainable goals** (especially EU Covid-related Funds): innovation-driven sustainability to achieve the **European Green Deal** objectives at the same time